Level 4 Potential Conservation Area (PCA) Report

IDENTIFIERS

Site Class

Name Lower Greasewood Gulch

Site Code S.USCOHP*27016

PCA

Site ID 2460

Site Alias None

Network of Conservation Areas (NCA)

NCA Site ID	NCA Site Code

<u>NCA Site Name</u> No Data

County

Rio Blanco (CO)

SITE DESCRIPTION

Site Description

This site is located in central Rio Blanco County within the Piceance Basin, approximately 2.25 air miles due south from the White River, in a wide gulch that runs west/northwest from Greasewood Creek (which runs south from Yellow Creek). The geology consists of the Uinta Formation with tan shales and Green River Formation with white shale. The gulch is bounded by low hills that are sparsely vegetated with scattered junipers. Where the rare narrow-stem gilia is dominant, associated species include fringed sage (Artemisia frigida), Wyoming sagebrush (Artemisia tridentata ssp. wyomingensis), adobe milkweed (Asclepias cryptocerus), desert alyssum (Allysum desetorum), dragon milkvetch (Astragalus lutosus), shadscale (Atriplex confertifolia), false flax (Camelina sp.), mountain mahogany (Cercocarpus montanus), sandaster (Chaetopappa erecoides), cheatgrass (Bromus tectorum), common purple mustard (Chorispora tenella), rubber rabbitbrush (Chrysothamnus nauseous), Barneby's thistle (Cirsium barnebyi), hawksbeard (Crepis sp.), pinnateleaf tansy mustard (Descurainia pinnata), spreading woolstar (Eriastrum diffusum), spearleaf wild buckwheat (Eriogonum lonchophyllum), ballhead ipomopsis (Ipomopsis congesta), snakeweed (Gutierrezia sarothrae), boreal chainpod (Hedysarum boreale), scarlet gilia (Ipomopsis aggregata), stickseed (Lappula redowskii), western tansy-aster (Macaranthera grindelioides), many-stem stickleaf (Nuttallia multicaulis), stemless evening-primrose (Oenothera caespitosa), juniper prickly pear (Opuntia polyacantha), Indian ricegrass (Achnatherum hymenoides), creeping penstemon (Penstemon caespitosa), penstemon (Penstemon sp.), rock goldenrod (Petradoria pumila), Hood's phlox (Phlox hoodii), longleaf phlox (Phlox longifolia), sharpleaf twinpod (*Physaria acutifolia*), bluebunch wheatgrass (*Pseudoroegneria spicata*), Utah juniper (Sabina osteosperma), senecio (Senecio neomexicana), perennial twistflower (Streptanthus cordatus) and gray horsebrush (Tetradymia canescens).

Key Environmental Factors

Drought

Climate Description

In the County, summers are warm or hot in most valleys but are much cooler in the mountains. Winters are cold in the mountains. Summer thunderstorms are prevalent; of the total precipitation, 55% usually falls between April and September. Average seasonal snowfall is 74.4 inches, average day time temperature is 45 degrees and average precipitation is 16.5 inches for Meeker between 1948 -2007 (Western Regional Climate Center 2008).

Land Use History

No Data

Cultural Features

No Data

Minimum Elevation	5,800.00 F	eet	1,767.84	Meters	
Maximum Elevation	6,300.00 F	eet	1,920.24	Meters	
			SITE DESIGN		

Site Map Y - Yes Mapped Date 12/11/2007

Designer Lyon, M.J. and J. Huggins

Boundary Justification

The boundary is drawn to encompass several locations of narrow-stem gilia and Fremont's beardtongue, as well as adjacent similar habitat that has not been thoroughly surveyed, but is also likely to contain these species.

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Primary Area	934.38 Acres	378.13 Hectares

SITE SIGNIFICANCE

Biodiversity Significance Rank B2: Very High Biodiversity Significance

Biodiversity Significance Comments

The site supports excellent (A-ranked) occurrences of the globally imperiled (G3G4T2/S2) Fremont's penstemon (*Penstemon fremontii* var. *glabrescens*) and the globally vulnerable (G3/S1) narrow-stem gilia (*Gilia stenothyrsa*).

Other Values Rank No Data

Other Values Comments

No Data

ASSOCIATED ELEMENTS OF BIODIVERSITY					
Element State ID	State Scientific Name	State Common Name	Global <u>Rank</u>	State <u>Rank</u>	Driving <u>Site Rank</u>
24426	Penstemon luculentus	Fremont's Beardtongue	G3G4T2	S2	Y
18885	Aliciella stenothyrsa	Uinta Basin Gilia	G3	S2	Ν
LAND MANAGMENT ISSUES					

Land Use Comments

No Data

Natural Hazard Comments

No Data

Exotics Comments

Cheatgrass (*Bromus tectorum*) is ubiquitous. Common purple mustard (*Chorispora tenella*) is also present in several sites.

Offsite

There has been some coal bed methane interest far to the west (Fletcher Gulch) but it has not been profitable to develop yet, so for the moment the area has no imminent development plans.

Information Needs

No Data

	REFERENCES
Reference ID	Full Citation
195026	Culver, D., J. Huggins and P. Lyon. 2008. Final Report: Significant Biological Resources in Rio Blanco County, CO. Colorado Natural Heritage Program, Fort Collins, CO.
195034	WRCC. 2008. Western Regional Climate Center. Division of Atmospheric Sciences, Desert Research Institute. Reno, Nevada. < http://www.wrcc.dri.edu>.
	ADDITIONAL TOPICS
Additional Topics No Data	
	LOCATORS
Nation United States	Latitude 400828N
State Colorado	Longitude 1082440W
Quad Code Quad Nan	ne
40108-B4 Rough Gu	ılch
Watershed Code Wa	itershed Name
14050006 Pic	eance-Yellow
	VERSION
Version Date 12/11	1/2007
Version Author Lyon,	, M.J. and J. Huggins

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